

TRAVEL RISK MAP 2020

Africa health and travel security risks review



WORLDWIDE REACH. HUMAN TOUCH.



TRAVEL MEDICAL RISK RATING DEFINITIONS

International SOS assigns travel medical risk ratings by assessing a range of health risks and mitigating factors, including but not limited to: infectious disease burden, environmental factors, medical evacuation data, road trauma data, standard of emergency medical services, outpatient and inpatient medical care, access to quality pharmaceutical supplies, and cultural, language or administrative barriers.

An overall single rating is given for a location; however the medical landscape can vary widely. For example, major cities may have better access to quality medical care; whereas remote or rural locations may have limited availability of health facilities and specialist care.

- LOW TRAVEL MEDICAL RISK
- MEDIUM TRAVEL MEDICAL RISK
- VARIABLE TRAVEL MEDICAL RISK
- HIGH TRAVEL MEDICAL RISK
- VERY HIGH TRAVEL MEDICAL RISK



INTERNATIONAL SOS
ASSISTANCE CENTRE



CLINIC

TRAVEL SECURITY RISK RATING DEFINITIONS

The travel security risk rating evaluates the threat posed to travellers and international assignees by political violence (including terrorism, insurgency, politically motivated unrest and war), social unrest (including sectarian, communal and ethnic violence) as well as violent and petty crime. Other factors, such as the robustness of the transport infrastructure, the state of industrial relations, the effectiveness of the security and emergency services and the country's susceptibility to natural disasters are also considered where they are of sufficient magnitude to impact the overall risk environment for travellers.



INSIGNIFICANT
TRAVEL SECURITY
RISK



LOW TRAVEL
SECURITY RISK



MEDIUM TRAVEL
SECURITY RISK



HIGH TRAVEL
SECURITY RISK



EXTREME TRAVEL
SECURITY RISK



REGIONAL
VARIATIONS